# Keys to Optimal Informed Consent

#### Peggy Devine

Founder & President

Cancer Information & Support Network (CISN)

Collaborators: Paula Finestone, PhD and Jane Perlmutter, PhD

This Training is the sole property of CISN and is not for distribution

This Training has ben conducted at Mayo, SoCRA and ACRIN cooperative Group

#### CISN

#### **Mission Statement:**

- \* Provide cancer patients with information & support.
- \*Build bridges between all groups involved with cancer research, treatment, care and advocacy.



# **Learning Objectives**

At the completion of this training you will be able to:

- \* Identify barriers to enrollment/patient satisfaction from the patient perspective
- Use tools to work more effectively with patients
- Recognize learning styles and tailor approach accordingly



## Overview

- Background Data
- \* Reality
- Solution strategies



# The Leaky Pipe of Clinical Trial Participation

Illustrative data from Lara, P.N., Jr., et al., Prospective evaluation of cancer clinical trial accrual patterns: identifying potential barriers to enrollment. J Clin Oncol, 2001. **19(6):** p. **1728-33.** 



276
patients
seen by
physicians

38% not referred to clinical trial by physician 56% not eligible for clinical trial

49% not willing to sign consent form

14% accrual rate (39 patients enrolled)

**Awareness** 

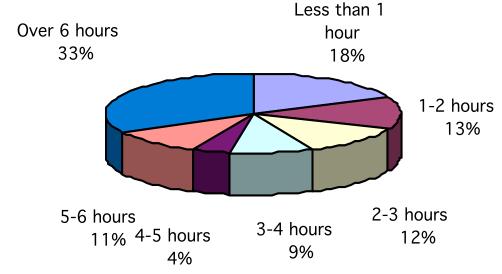
Design

WG6

Courtesy of Jeff Belkora, PhD UCSF Breast Center of Excellence

# Results of Summit Series on Clinical Trials Questionnaire





67%
of those polled had
< 6 hours of
psychosocial
training





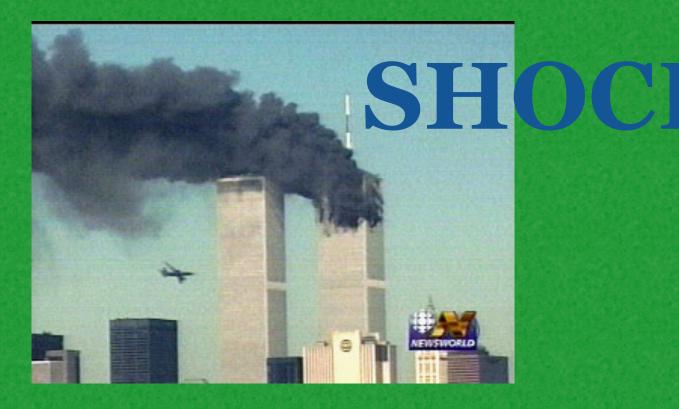
# Exercise to Elicit Emotional Response

View slides

Recall the emotions attached to the experience



# **Emotions triggered**



Slide courtesy of A.P.



# **Emotions Triggered**



BEAR

Slide courtesy of A.P.



# **Emotions Triggered**

Your patients will have recently received a cancer diagnosis.

They may experience the following emotions:

Shock Denial Discouragement

Fear Despondency Hypersensitivity

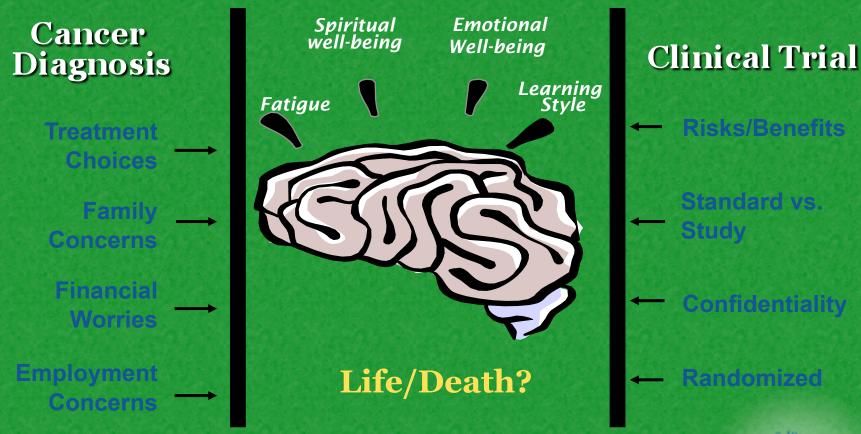
Anger Defeat Stoicism

Overload Betrayal Loss of control

You will need to communicate new, complicated information through this maze of emotions & individual learning styles



# Patient Perspective at Diagnosis: Cognitive Overload



Slide courtesy of Jeff Belkora, PhD, UCSF in collaboration with CISN



# **Patient Perspective**

#### **Decisional Conflict**

(North American Nursing Diagnostic Association)

❖ The uncertainty about which course of action to take when choice among competing actions involves risk, loss, regret or challenge to personal health.

Too much data, delivered too fast, too soon

OVERLOAD is the starting point when patients are approached to participate in clinical trials



### Patient Focus

### **Learning Styles:**

- \* Patients learn best when there is a match between their preferred learning style and the presentation style.
  - Visual Learner
  - Auditory Learner
  - Sensory Learner
  - \* Kinesthetic Learner



# Myth: All Patients Are The Same



They have just received devastating health information.

Cancer has been diagnosed or recurred.



# Reality: Each Patient Is Unique



**Learning Style** 

Age

**Ethnicity** 

**Family** 

Career

Values / Beliefs

Other



# Tips to assist you in working with overloaded patients

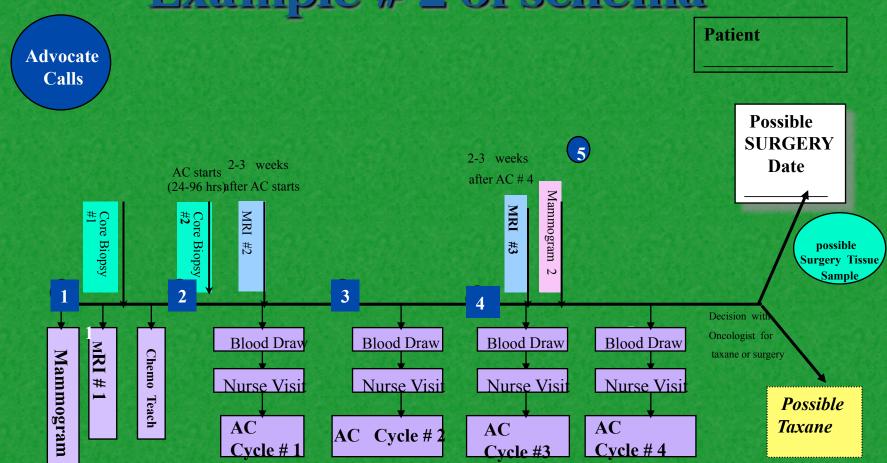


#### **Patient Focused**

- \* Keep it simple
- Speak slowly
- Use short sentences
- Avoid jargon
- Make sure patient has a basic understanding before they leave the first appointment (and a phone number for questions)



# Example # 2 of schema



**STANDARD TREATMENT:** you are responsible for making all appointments

Study timeline developed by Peggy Devine



Are you an ovarian, primary peritoneal or fallopian tube cancer patient whose tumor has become resistant to platinum chemotherapy?

You may be eligible to participate in a new study.



Example of a CISN designed study brochure

**Clinical Trial Education Series (CTES)** 



# Patient Focus CRA Final Tips

- Follow the five steps
- \* Keep it simple
- **❖** Set meeting expectations allow enough time
- Stay on topic
- Make information specific and concrete
- Make ongoing assessments of patient's understanding

From Beck, A.T. & Emery, G. (1985) Anxiety Disorders and Phobias: A Cognitive Perspective



## Thank You

- SOCRA
- Mayo Clinic, Rochester
- ❖ ACRIN CRA committee
- The Summit Series on Clinical Trials
- ❖ Jeff Belkora, Ph.D., UCSF
- My collaborators
  - ❖ Paula H. Finestone, Ph.D.
  - ❖ Jane Perlmutter, Ph.D.

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# Appendix

- URLs
- Publications



# URL's

- Susan M. Miller, PhD, Fox Chase Cancer Center www.fccc.edu/ research/pid/miller
- Jeff Belkora, PhD, Decision Services, UCSF Breast Care Program www.guidesmith.org/home/
- Dana-Farber Cancer Institute
   www.dana-farber.org/res/clinical/trials-info/
- Coalition of Cancer Cooperative Groups www.cancertrialshelp.org/ selfStudyGuide/courses/coalition/standardPlatform/standardPlatform.htm
- Y-me National Breast Cancer Organization http://www.y-me.org



### URL's

- \* www.cancer.gov
- \* www.clinicaltrials.gov
- \* www.centerwatch.com
- \* www.pharma.org
- \* www.ohrp.osophs.dhhs.gov
- \* www.ctep.info.nih.gov
- \* www.ctsu.org



#### Resources

60 chapters

\* Address protocol development, promotion and recruitment, eligibility, active treatment, off-treatment follow-up, quality improvement, safety, ethics, data management, information systems, and professional development

ONCOLOGY NURSING SOCIETY

MANUAL

for

Clinical Trials Nursing

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Spiral bound 380 pages



#### Resources

- \* Research The Society of Clinical Associates (SoCra) <a href="http://www.socra.org/">http://www.socra.org/</a>
- \* Association of Clinical Research Professionals (ACRP) <a href="http://www.acrpnet.org/">http://www.acrpnet.org/</a>
- \* Oncology Nursing Society http://www.ons.org



#### **Publications**

- ❖ J. Holland, S. Lewis, *The Human Side of Cancer: Living with Hope, Coping with Uncertainty*, 2001.
- ❖ Neal J. Meropol et al, Perceptions of Patients and Physicians Regarding Phase I Cancer Clinical Trials: Implications for Physician-Patient Communication, *J Clin Oncol* 21:2589-2596. © 2003 by American Society of Clinical Oncology.
- ❖ CK Daugherty, Impact of therapeutic research on informed consent and the ethics of clinical trials: A medical oncology perspective. *J Clin Oncol* 17:1601-1617, 1999
- ♦ Oncol 19:3554-3561. © 2001 by American Society of Clinical Oncology.



#### **Publications**

- \* P. N. Lara et al, Prospective Evaluation of Cancer Clinical Trial Accrual Patterns: Identifying Potential Barriers to Enrollment, *J Clin Oncol* 19:1728-1733. © 2001 by American Society of Clinical Oncology.
- ❖ Peter M. Ellis, et al, Randomized Clinical Trials in Oncology: Understanding and Attitudes Predict Willingness to Participate, *J Clin Oncol* 19:3554-3561. © 2001 by American Society of Clinical Oncology.
- ❖ James R. Wright et al, Why Cancer Patients Enter Randomized Clinical Trials: Exploring the Factors That Influence Their Decision, *J Clin Oncol* 22:4312-4318. © 2004 by American Society of Clinical Oncology

#### **Publications**

- \* Christopher K. Daugherty, Impact of Therapeutic Research on Informed Consent and the Ethics of Clinical Trials: A Medical Oncology Perspective, *J Clin Oncol* 17:1601-1617. r 1999 by American Society of Clinical Oncology.
- ❖ S. Bok, Shading the truth in informed consent for clinical research. *Kennedy Inst Ethics* J 5:1-17, 1995
- ❖ S. Ross, A. Grant, C. Counsell, et al: Barriers to participation in randomized controlled trials: A systematic review. *J Clin Epidemiology* 52:1143-1156, 1999

